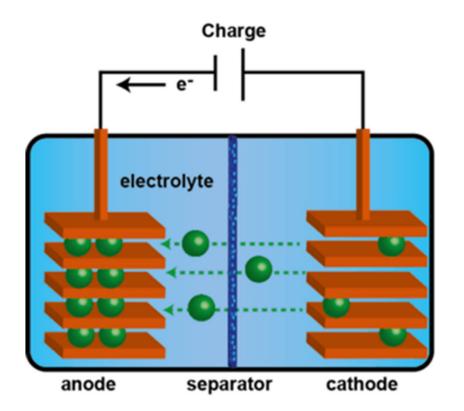
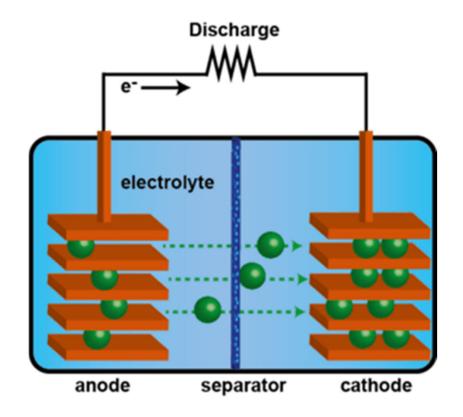
Graphite from Lignite

MICHAEL WAGNER

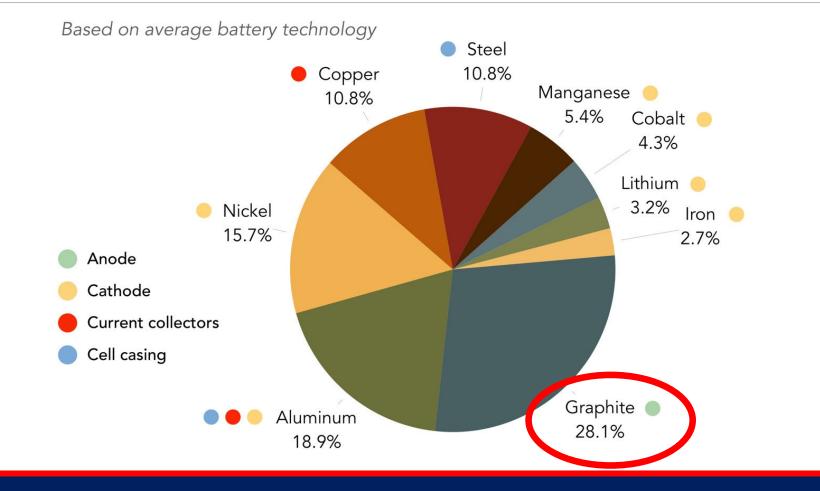
DEPARTMENT OF CHEMISTRY, THE GEORGE WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY

Lithium-Ion Batteries

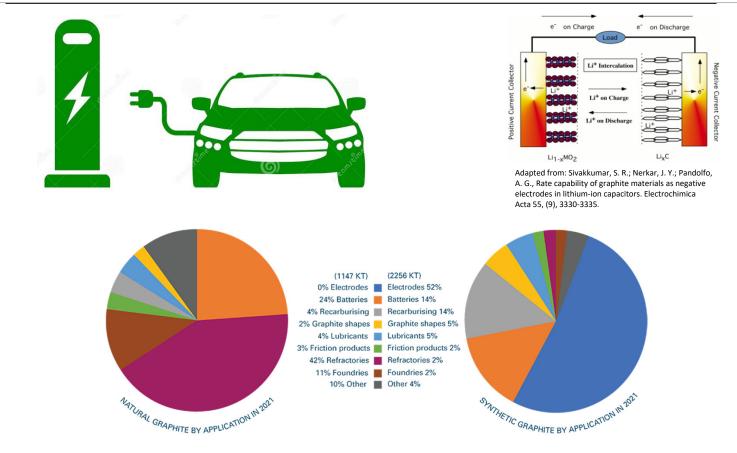




Lithium-Ion Battery Composition



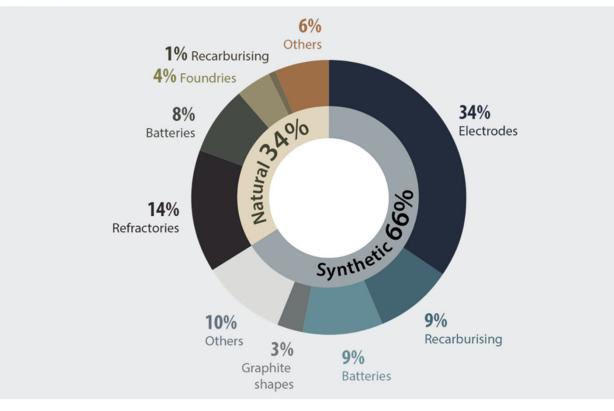
Graphite - Strategic Mineral



source: Wood MacKenzie, 2022

Graphite Market

Graphite, global uses, 2021



~ 3.5 million tons/yr

Natural Resources Canada

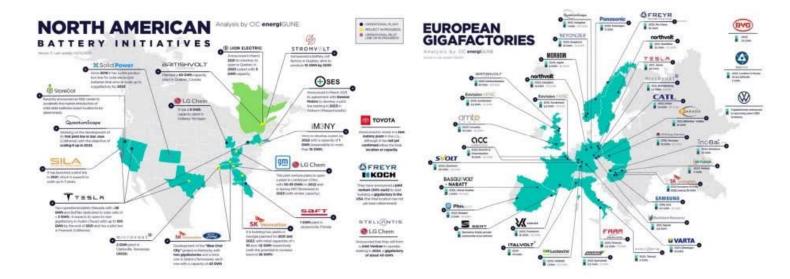
Tesla Li-ion Battery Gigafactory



Gigafactory Proliferation

Gigafactories

Over 800 GWh of Planned Battery Production by 2025



TSX.V: AMY | OTCQB: AMYZF | FSE: 2AM | December 2021

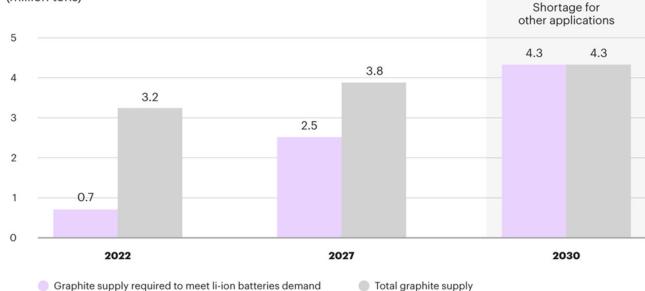
American Manganese Inc.

EV Demand For Graphite

Figure 1

EV demand will absorb all graphite output at current rate

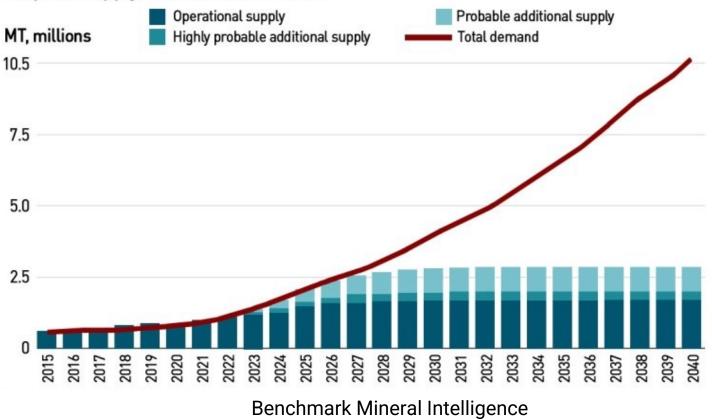
Total graphite (natural + synthetic) demand-supply forecast (million tons)



Sources: desktop research, expert interviews, supply from Allied Market Research, demand information from https://nmg.com/wp-content/uploads/2021/06/NMG-Graphite-101.pdf; Kearney analysis

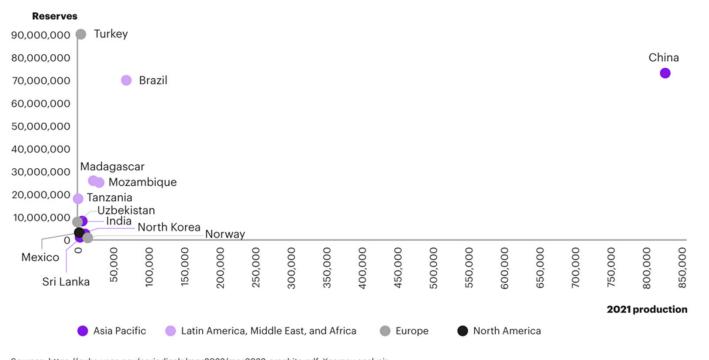
EV Demand For Graphite

Graphite supply and demand balance



Highly Concentrated Graphite Production

There is extreme reliance on China, which provides about three-quarters of the world's supply of both natural and synthetic graphite



Sources: https://pubs.usgs.gov/periodicals/mcs2022/mcs2022-graphite.pdf; Kearney analysis

China produces ~ 99% of uncoated spherical Li-ion battery graphite

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Graphite: Existing Supply & Production

Properties Needed for Battery Grade Graphite

Purity (>99.9%C)

Appropriate Crystallite Size (<10µm)</pre>

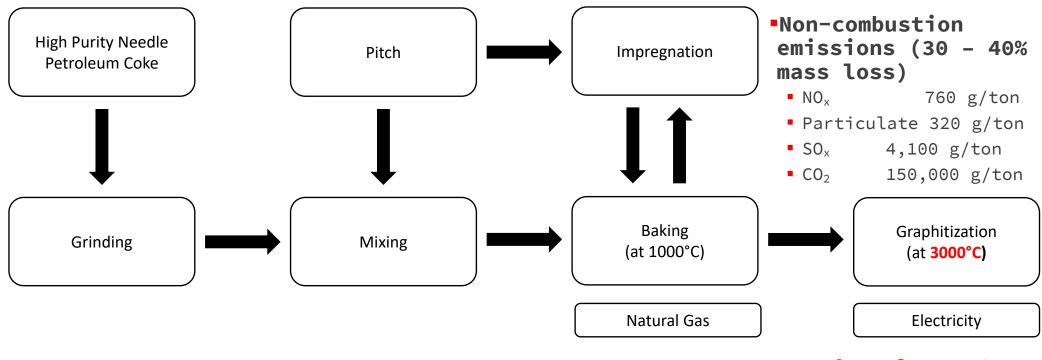
High Crystallinity

•Appropriate Shape (Spherical, ~ 20 μ m)

•Low Surface Area (< 4 m^2/g)

Graphite Supply - Synthetic

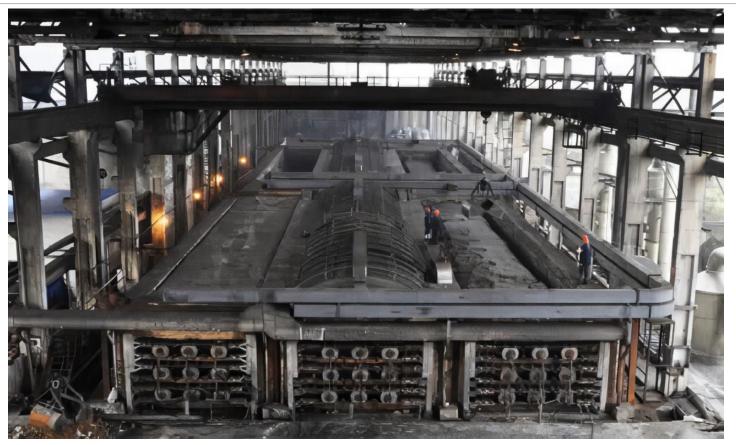
Fossil Fuel Based Precursors



Weeks of Heating

Material and Energy Flow in the Production of Cathode and Anode Materials for Lithium Ion Batteries (ANL ESD 14/10REV), J. B. Dunn, C. James, L. Gaines, K. Gallagher, Q, Dai, and J. C. Kelly Argonne National Laboratory

Graphite Supply - Synthetic



> 7500 kWh/t

https://th.bing.com/th/id/R.6006b425cbeb07069549e83bffdd5f61?rik=sjpAk5o4OdNsIg&pid=ImgRaw&r=0&sres=1&sresct=1

Graphite Supply - Mining



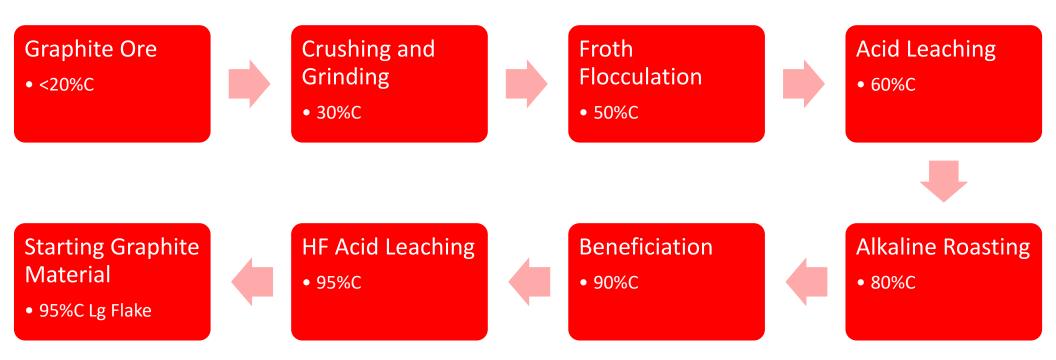
Graphite Supply - Mining - Tanzania



Posco Future M Co. (Korea) contracted entire production

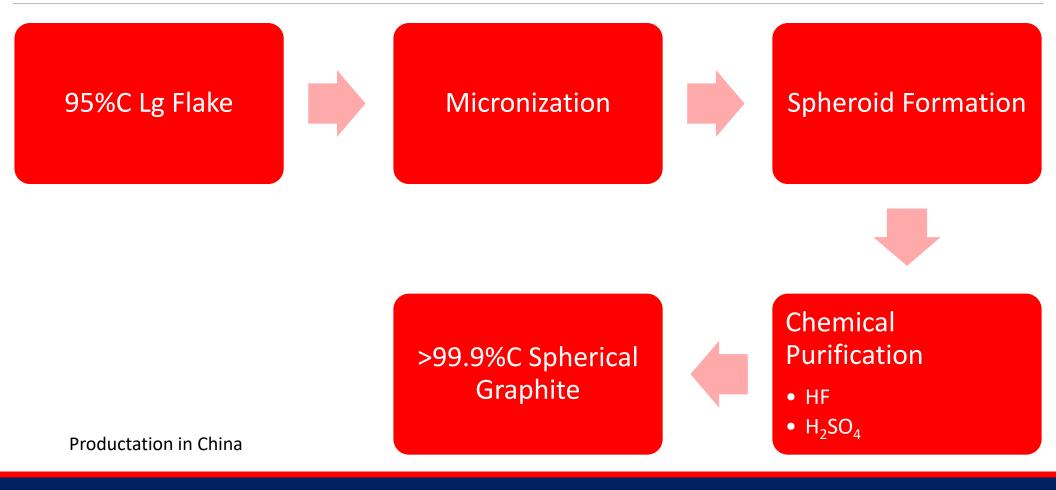
https://energycapitalpower.com/biggest-graphite-mines-africa-reserves/ 16

Graphite Supply – Mining Purification



Mine production is typically 20 – 40% amorphous graphite – low value, inappropriate for Li-ion batteries

Micronization & Spheroidization



Graphite Supply – Processing Polution



http://www.china.org.cn/environment/2014-04/28/content_32224052

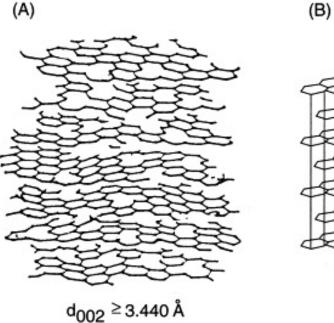
Graphite Supply – Processing Polution



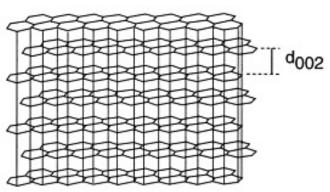
https://www.washingtonpost.com/graphics/business/batteries/graphite-mining-pollution-in-china/

Graphite Synthesis: Biomass

Synthesis from Non-Graphitizable Carbons



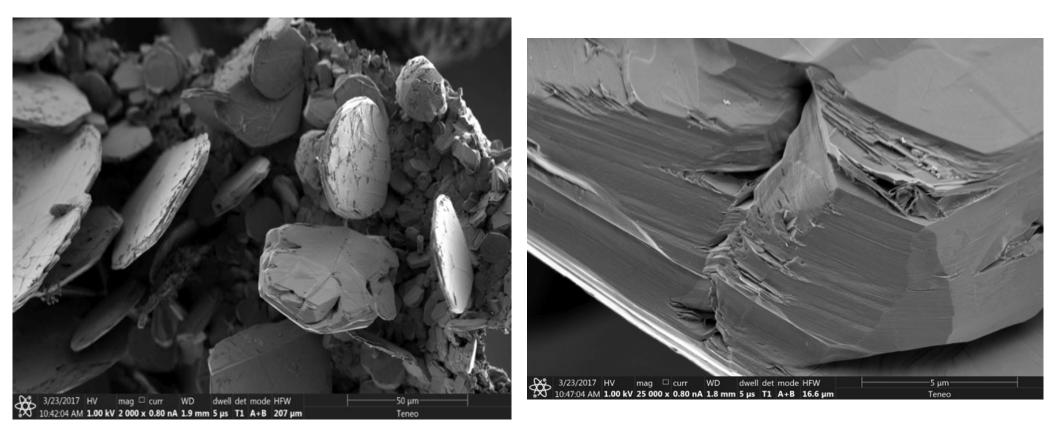
- Non-graphitizable
 - Biomass chars
 - Lignite & Anthracite



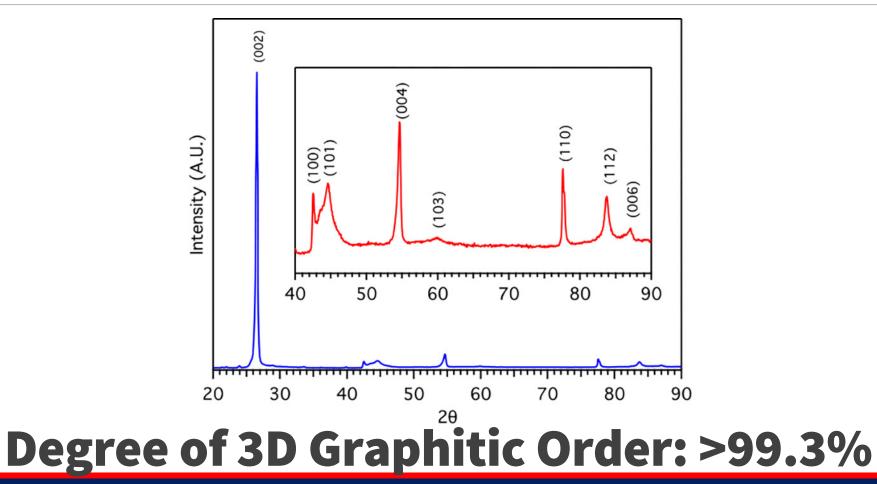
d₀₀₂= 3.354 Å

- Graphitizable
 - Coking carbons

Graphite from Biomass



XRD Analysis

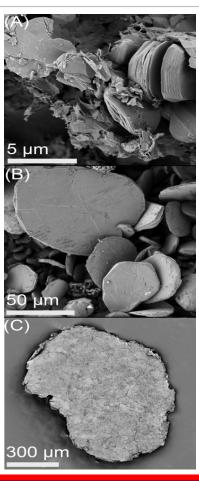


Rational Flake Size Control

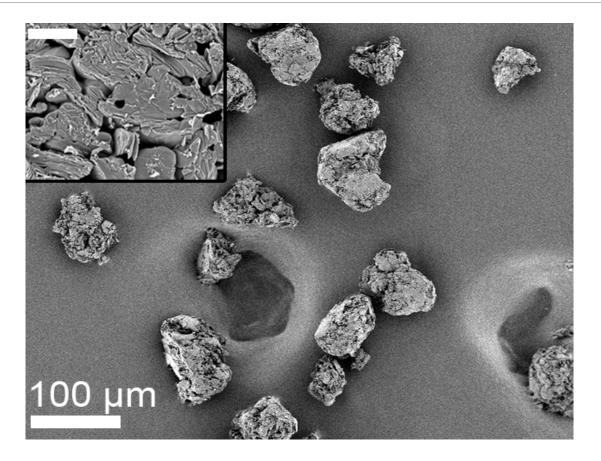
 $\sim 5 \mu m$ Fe

0.60mm Fe

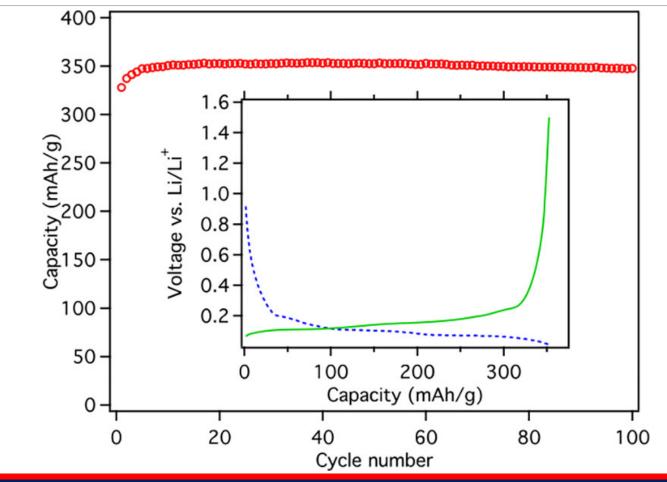




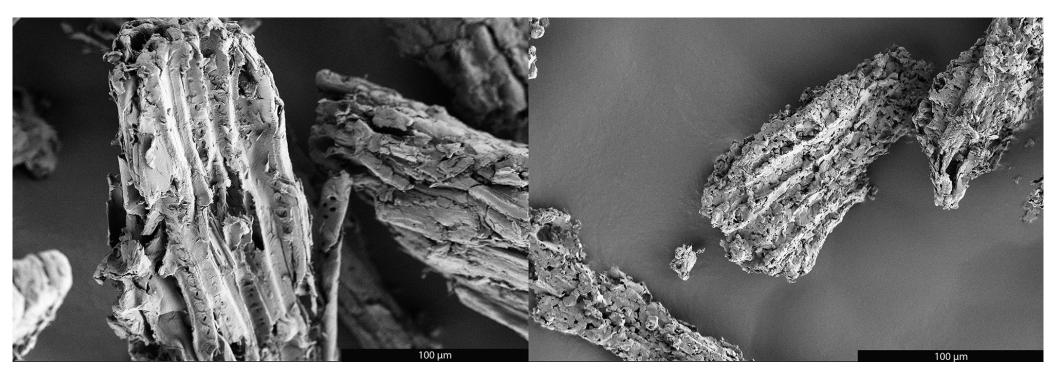
Spherical Graphite from Biomass



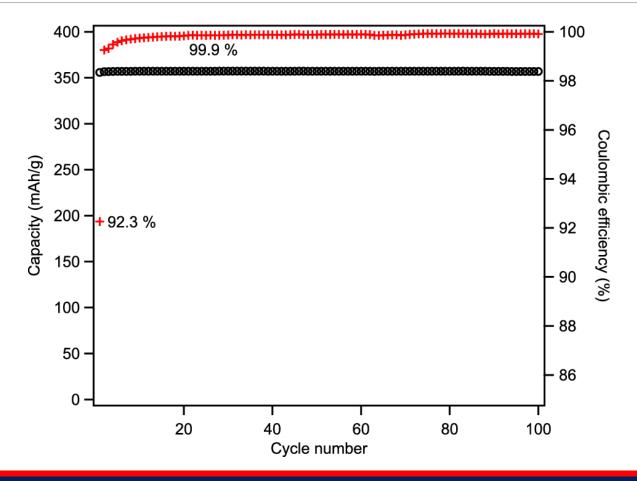
Battery Performance



Wood Before and After Graphitization

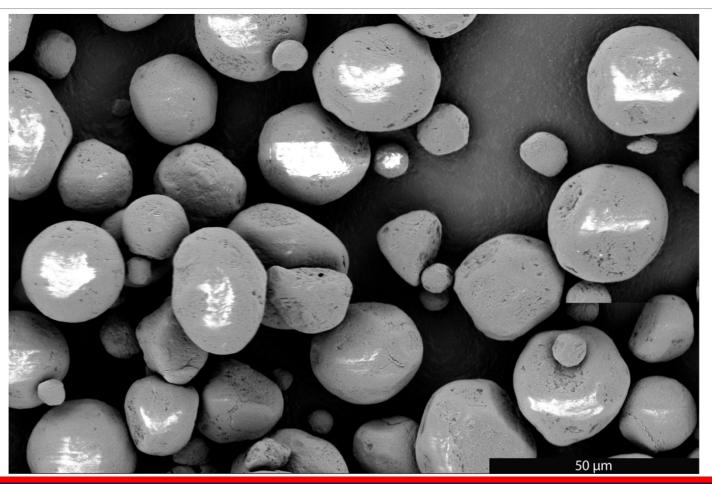


Battery Performance

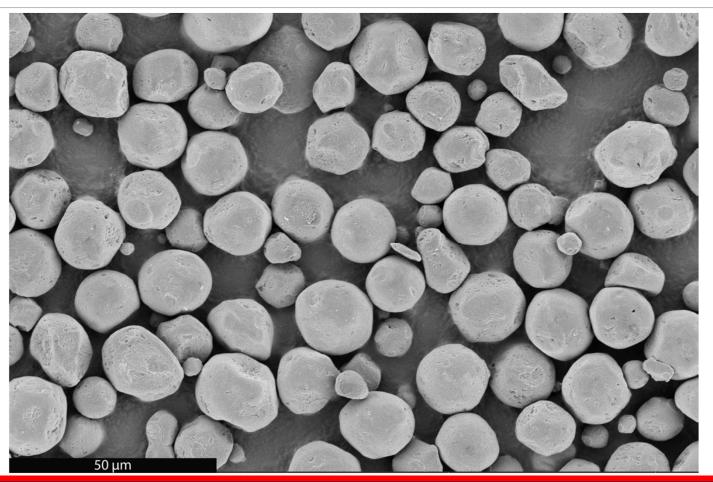


Rational Synthesis of Shaped Graphite

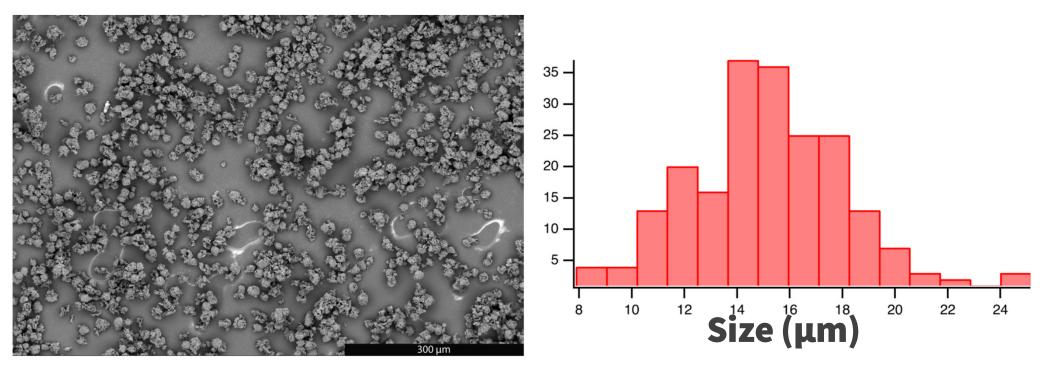
Cellulose Spheroids



Cellulose Spheroid Char



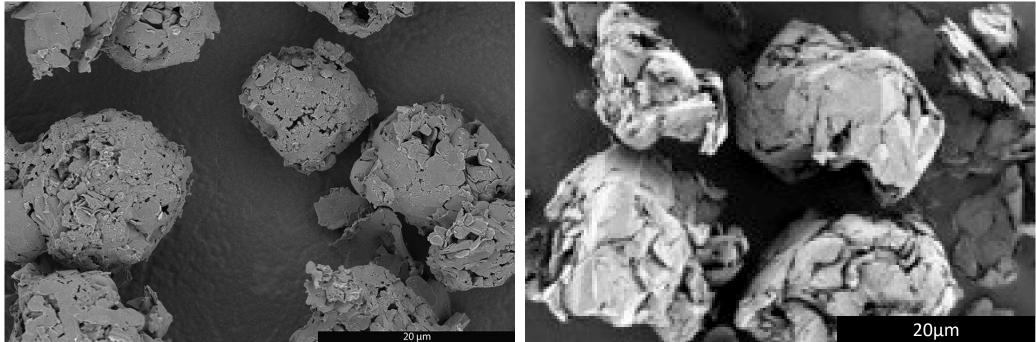
Spherical By Design



Spherical By Design

BIOMASS GRAPHITE

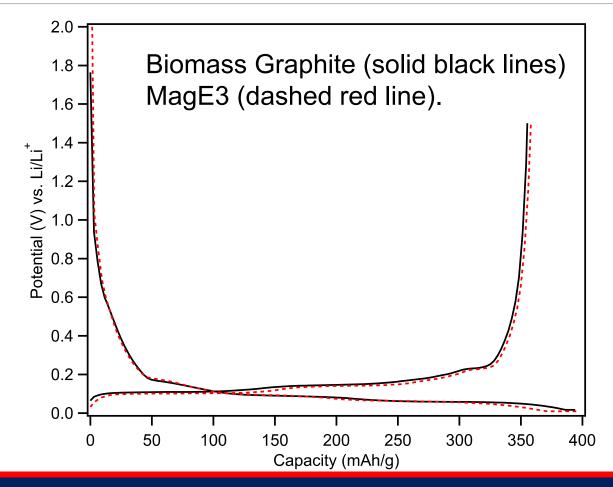
HITACHI MAGE3 (COMMERCIAL GRAPHITE)



3.08 m²/g

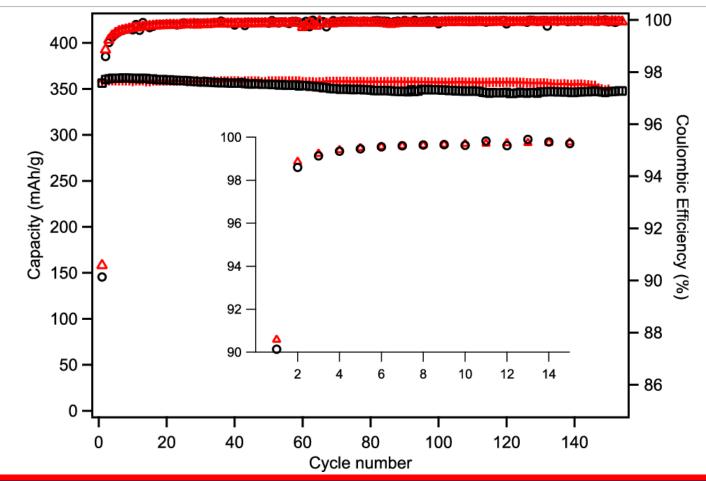
2.83 m²/g

Industrially Competitive Battery Graphite



https://doi.org/10.1038/s41598-022-11853-x

Cycle Life Comparison



https://doi.org/10.1038/s41598-022-11853-x

Graphite from Biomass

- •High Purity (>99.95%)
- •Efficient Carbon Conversion (>95.7%C)
- •Energy Efficient (0.61 kG/KWh)
- Shape and Flake Size Control
- Low Surface Area Possible
- ■90.2% 1st CE (Commercial ~90%)
- High Capacity (>355 mAh/g)
- •Excellent cycle life
- Market Disruptive Production Cost?

Waste Biomass

AGRICULTURE



FORESTRY



Corn Stover

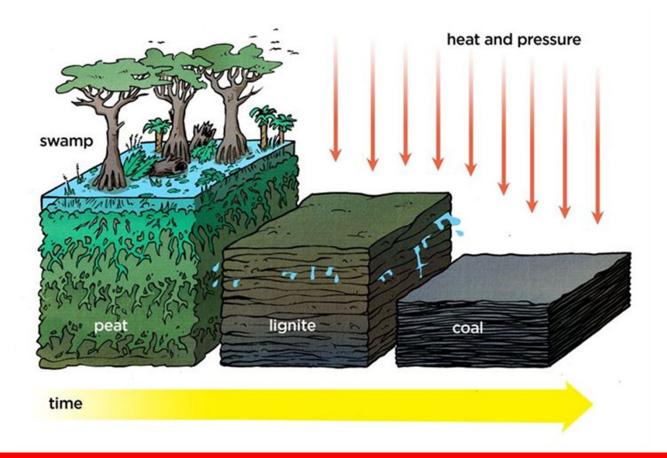


Wood Pellet Production



Sourcing radius ~ 75 miles

Geologically Concentrated Biomass



Lignite - Carbon Ore

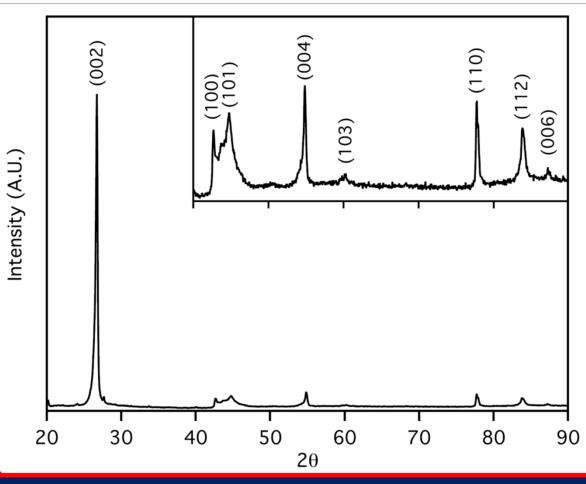


Graphite Synthesis: Lignite

Why Lignite?

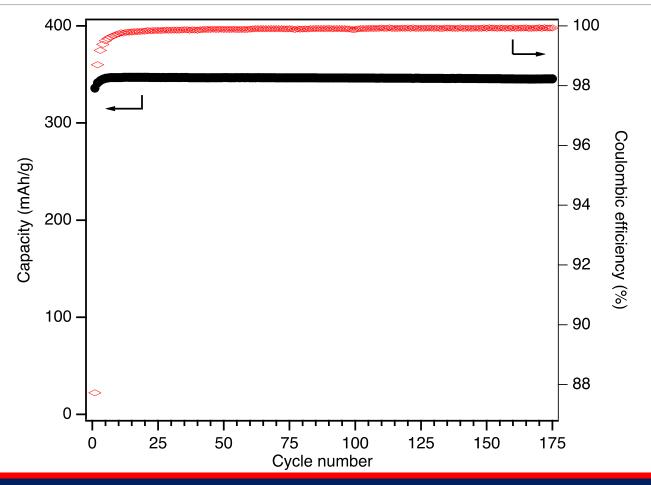
- Naturally abundant
- High carbon concentration
- ■Established supply chain
- Minimize Transportation
- Inexpensive

Graphite From Lignite



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Graphite From Lignite - Li-Ion Battery



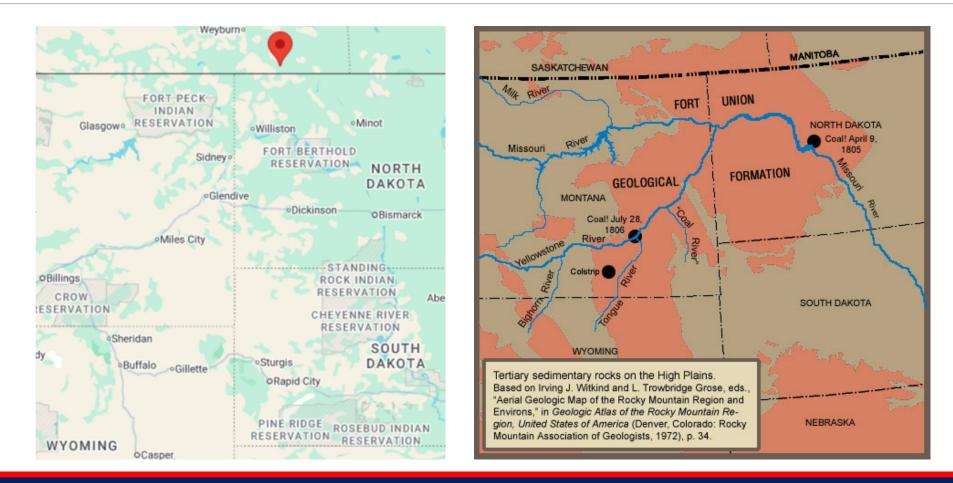
Graphite From Coal: Battery Performance

- Commercially viable
- capacity (347 mAh/g)
- Good capacity
- retention and
- Coulombic efficiency

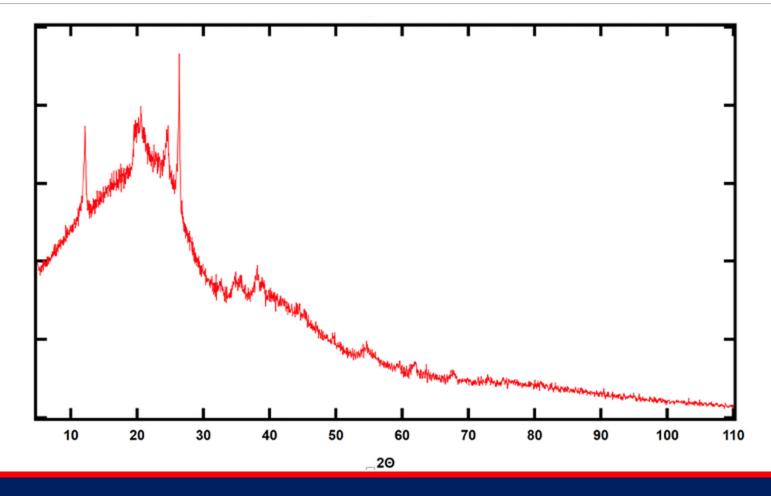


Graphite Synthesis: Estevan Lignite

Estevan – Fort Union Formation

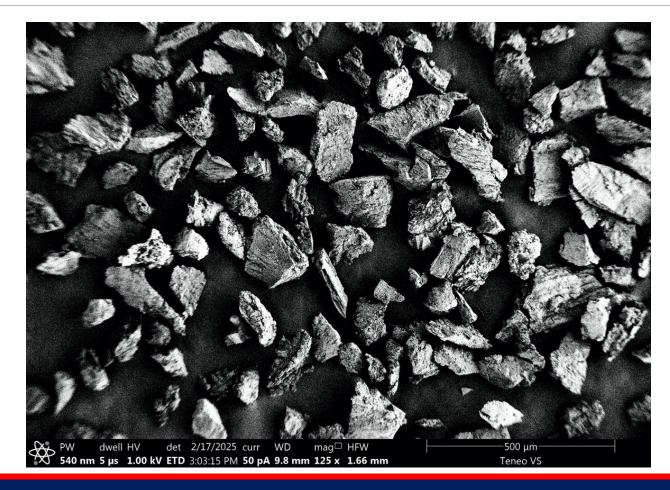


Estevan Lignite – Clays and Silica

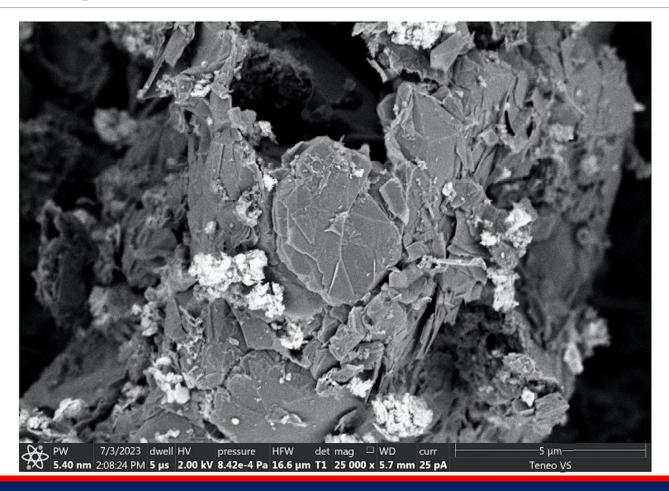


50

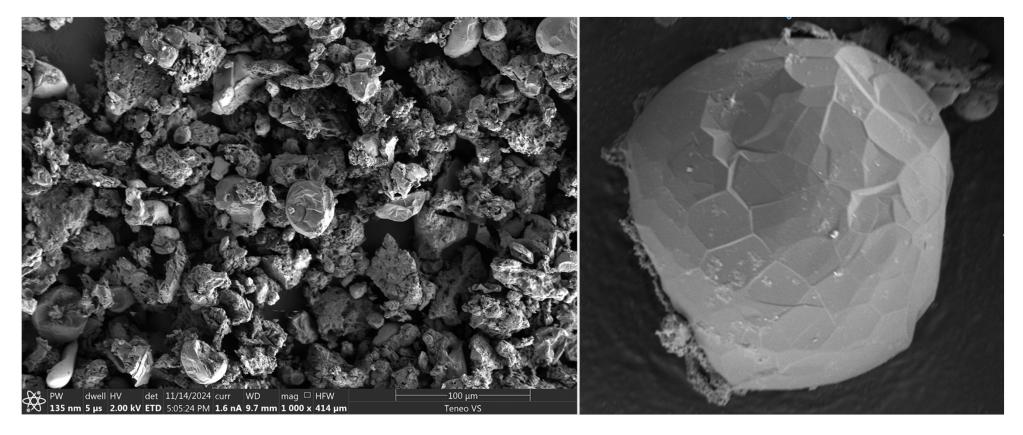
Estevan Lignite - Graphite



Estevan Lignite - Graphite



Estevan Lignite – Shaped Graphite



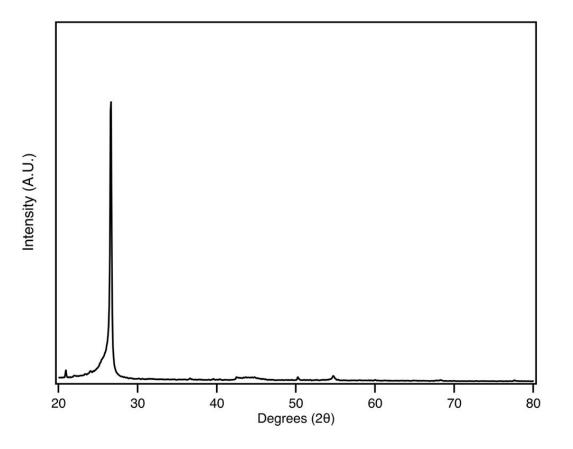
> 99.9 % C after purification

Estevan Lignite - Reactor Module

- Full-scale testing in lab
- Minimize scale-up technological risk
- Basis for techno economic analysis
- Provide quantities needed for qualification
- Scale by replication to pilot and production



Estevan Lignite - Graphite



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Estevan Lignite – Li-ion Battery Graphite

- Reactor module with 12 kW laser
- Efficiency more than doubled
- Energy Usage 800 1600 kWh/ton (10 20% of current synthetic graphitization)
- Module production > 80 tonnes graphite/y
- Heat recovery charring net electricity production
- Direct production of Li-ion battery grade "spherical" graphite
- Production costs potentially disruptive

Estevan Lignite – Li-ion Battery Graphite

Dr. Kevin McKenzie Dr. Nate Banek Michael Scarberry Jack Poland Adrian Wood Zach Weeks



THE GEORGE WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY

WASHINGTON, DC

